## I. The Divine Attributes of the Theistic God

| A. Introd | ductory c | questions |
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1. Does it make more sense first to show that there is a God, and then to discuss attributes, or to discuss God's attributes and then seek to establish God's existence?

- 2. What is the conception of God's nature held by classical theism? What are other views of God?
  - Theism
  - Deism
  - Atheism
  - Pantheism
  - Panentheism
  - Finite godism
  - Polytheism
- 3. Is this conception of God's nature coherent and logically consistent?

<sup>1</sup> Based mostly on Michael Peterson, et. al. *Reason and Religious Belief: An Introduction to the Philosophy of Religion*, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Oxford: 2003, chp. 4.

| 4. How will we arrive at or discover the characteristics we attribute to the God of classical theism? |
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| B. Classical theism   |
| Perfect and worthy of worship   |
| 2. Necessary and self-existent  |
| 3. Personal and Free Creator  |
| 4. All powerful, all knowing and all good   |
| 5. Sovereignty and human freedom  |
| 6. God eternal: timeless or everlasting?  |
| Conclusion: The Westminster Catechism   |
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